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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/764,215	01/23/2004	Boon Peng Chew	P142M	9145
27752 THE PROCTE	7590 05/03/201 CR & GAMBLE COMP	EXAM	EXAMINER	
Global Legal I	Department - IP	VAKILI,	VAKILI, ZOHREH	
Sycamore Building - 4th Floor 299 East Sixth Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CINCINNATI	, OH 45202	1629		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/03/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Ī	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/764,215	CHEW ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
		AIT OILL	
	ZOHREH VAKILI	1629	

	ZOHREH VAKILI	1629	l				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 04 March 2011 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AP	PLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.					
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	the same day as filing a Notice of eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavi al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	which places the r (3) a Request				
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	date of the final rejection.						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.							
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(i		FIRST REPLY WAS FI	LED WITHIN TWO				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date whave been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period at under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (a) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee be action; or (2) as				
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>04 January 2011</u>. A bri the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), o appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply 	or any extension thereof (37 CFR 4	1.37(e)), to avoid disr	nissal of the				
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>							
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filling a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); 							
(c) They raise the issue of new matter (see NoTE below) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or		ducing or simplifying the	ne issues for				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	11 See attached Notice of Non-Co	mnliant Amendment (PTOL-324)				
 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 							
Mewly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment c non-allowable claim(s).							
 For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov how the new or amended claims would be rejected. 		l be entered and an e	xplanation of				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1.2.4 and 6-9</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 10-17.							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:							
See Continuation Sheet.							
Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (13. Other:	r 10/5b/08) Paper No(s)						
/Zohreh Vakili/	/James D Anderson/						
Examiner, Art Unit 1629	Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 1629					

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicants argue that Hayek alone cannot support a prima facie case of obviousness because Hayek alone does not disclose, teach, or suggest a nutritionally balanced pet food composition that comprises astaxanthin. Hayek discloses providing corcess for feeding a companion animal such as a dog or a cat a diet containing an effective amount of beta-carotene to enhance immune response and improve the overall health of the animal. See Column 1, lines 45-49. Hayek does mention in its Background that astaxanthin is a carotenoid. See Column 1, lines 16-19. Hayek states carotenoids are absorbed in varying degrees by different species and are known to play a role in modulating the immune system and enhancing the health of the species. See Column 1, lines 16-26. However, Hayek fails to disclose a pet food composition comprising astaxanthin. It states in this Background section that these carotenoids are absorbed by varying species. It does not state dogs or cats. It does not state incorporated astaxanthin into pet food compositions. It then continues its disclosure by stating its invention related to beta-carotene. It fails to disclose any pet food composition comprising astaxanthin.

Applicant's arguments are not persuasive; Applicant is reminded that this is an obviousness rejection not anticipation. The rejection does not indicate that it anticipates, in fact it says it would have been obvious to incorporate one carotenoids for another, wherein the amount of carotenoid used in this case beta-carotene overlaps with the amount of astaxanthin, a carotenoid of the instant claimed invention. Applicant argues Hayek does not mention in its Background that astaxanthin is a carotenoid. Applicant's attention is directed to col. 1, lines 17-19, where it indicates common carotenoids include beta-carotene, lycopene, lutein, zeaxanthin, and astaxanthin. Applicant also argues Hayek states in this Background section that these carotenoids are absorbed by varying species. It does not state dogs or cats. It does not state incorporated astaxanthin into pet food compositions.

Examiner is not persuaded by such argument: Applicant is again reminded this rejection is an obviousness rejection not anticipation. Hapkin in Its Background section clearly discloses a pet food supplement for enhancing immune response and improving overall health of companion animals such as cats and logs which includes beneficial amounts of beta-carotene in the animal's diet and as discussed above two of these common carotenoids are astaxanthin and beta-carotene. These beta-carotene one of the common carotenoids are used in the pets food supplement for the same purpose as the astaxanthin used in the composition of the instant claimed invention. Applicant has not provided any factual data that how four known carotenoids would behave differently form each other in a composition to be used as a untifitionally balanced pet food. Applicant has not provided any factual data that one carotenoid can not be predictably replaced by another carotenoid, for example, astaxathin being replaced by beta-carotene and vice versa. The composition of the prior art teaches the use of beta-carotene in a pet food supplement and further teaches there are four other carotenoids that can be used which one of them is astaxanthin. Applicant's amendments and remarks have been carefully considered in their entirety, but fall to be persuasive in establishing error in the propriety of the present rejection.

/Zohreh Vakili/ Examiner, Art Unit 1629